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AN ARGUS SPECIALIST PUBLICATION

April 1990 - May 6 1990 No. 110 50p

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For in-depth review see p.8

AMSTRAD ANSWER!

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Critic's choice: Jonah Barrington Squash

Expert opinion on Amstrad's Roland In Space

Review of Damon modem and Sure Shot Supreme

Oric in cross-channel deal

Oric, France, has been bought by SPID, a French importer and distributor of computers and software. The deal ends the Paris-based firm's inclusion of the Oric name, marketing rights, stock and finished goods.

Legendator John Cross, of accountants Chaser Michel, would not reveal the purchase price except to say that it was between half and one million pounds.

Oric's creditors are owed £100 but some of them will be paid except Enterprise Investments which will receive part of its £10m debt share.

In 1982 Oric computers were best-sellers in France, and number two in 1984. SPID president Jean Claude Talar said: "We want to make Oric a French company."

Mr Talar is planning to manufacture Oric computers in France for European buyers and some of these will be sold in the UK. There will also be a UK office but it is not possible to say when this will be set up.

ADVL, the original distributor of Oric products, had a large amount of stock when the company went into liquidation but as well probably computer supplying Oric goods for some time.

Mr Cross said that an Indian and some British companies had also been interested in purchasing the company.

All Oric employees including those at the research and development base in Cambridge have been dismissed, except for some staff in Berkshire.

SPID is also planning to expand the Oric range and produce some new models.



Is There a Future for the Stripes?

Extra memory for BBC Plus

An extended BBC computer is due for launch on May 1. Called the BBC Plus, the new model has 448 KRAM available to both BASIC and machine code programs.

The new model's 448 KRAM at standard and cost £499. Other changes from the model B include an ILS 6004 clock module of the four 16k slots, a 1700 floppy disk controller

module of the spring 1971 chip and a redesigned personal video board.

There is nothing radical about the new model. It incorporates a number of features already available for the model B, sold by independent suppliers. There will be a large degree of software compatibility between the first Plus and the BBC B.

NEW RELEASES



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HOME COMPUTING WEEKLY

CONTENTS

April 30-May 6, 1985 No. 110

Editor: Dave Corbin
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COMMODORE 64

Review the broker34

Welcome to BASIC41

REGULARS

News4-6

Turbo competition
— who's got the fastest terminal?7

Software reviews10-14

Book reviews18

Gossip sheet43

Letters44

Classified ads start on45

Coming Soon...

- Missing Peter's ROM — not ordered
- Synthesizer Song on the VIC-20
- Quiddling on the BBC — gone

Soapbox

The BBC Plus is the new BBC machine announced by Chris Curry in January before *Apple's* problems arose.

With a number of changes to the memory configuration and extra ROM sockets it is likely to be good news for those who already own the machine.

What is more difficult to decide is whether the first-time buyer will want to spend £499 for a computer with without drives and monitor.

As a BBC user, I am very excited by the new model but I feel that it is likely to have a very rough ride as it started where the Amstrad CPC664 is £250 cheaper and includes all you can possibly want to start computing.

We have a user review of the Amstrad CPC664 in this issue and hope to have a BBC review very soon. Read HCN and you might find the help you need to make your decision. Dave

SPECIAL FEATURES

Amstrad CPC664 review3

Graphics
How to switch colours without reflowing20

Music
Make your mini make music38

Take a look at the Sure Start Supreme39

Getting grips with the Commodore 6440

AMSTRAD CPC464

Amstrad's turbo load44

Summing up,
a complete list of what's worth wanting52

SPECTRUM

Atom box — game54

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BASIC LIVING

by Jon Wedge and Jim Barker



NEWS

Cash on delivery

Prizes of £25, given to each month's best offer to players of the latest adventure from Microsoft — *Ashlock*.

Based on the Spectrum here this month, *Ashlock* is a real-time adventure for the less experienced adventurer. It follows a slow walk through pre-built systems which enable you to see exactly where you're going before you move or you make any mistakes.

The £25 prize will be awarded to the addressee of the month until February 1986. £500 will be publishing the winner's name and photographs on the *Microsoft Page* as soon as each issue is verified by Microsoft.

In the event of a tie, three letters and the number of turns needed will be taken into account. To enter — record a disk file on cassette and send the tape to Microsoft for checking.

If your name remains unknown you will also receive the prize for the following month.

Prize and fortune could be yours. Read the full review of the game in this week's issue and then send us your tape.

Microsoft, Redburn Green,
London EC1P 3GG

Plates seized

Five software houses recently passed boxes to the tax man and gave him their best for playing games.

The companies involved are Aris, Microsoft, Aspire, Prime and Telestrategies. Telestrategies is a US company, the games and its home base moved were Prime, Hammer, Bongo, Bongo, Chameleon Egg and Cedar Bay Co.

The boxes were sent after a call by Apple and Microsoft that software houses may also be taxed.

The four years' agreed to be bound over by a court order because, under a 1974 rather straightforward system.

The court was told the software houses had created "systems" partnerships.

Modern parks

A first quarterly subscription to *Printed and Mapped* is being offered by Tandy to customers who buy a machine and BASIC or CIB software between May 1 and July 31.

The offer is also available to buyers of Tandy's version

operators.

The TMS1000 main-disk unit costs £299 + VAT, while the TMS1000 main-disk unit costs £129 + VAT.

Tandy Marketing, 24 Barker Gate, Richmond, Surrey TW9 1AA

German debut for new Atari

A new Atari machine was recently officially launched at the Hannover Computer Fair and our own in Germany has sent us the details.

The Atari 520 ST is a 30-Mb machine with 128K RAM and 120-Kbit RAM. The computer unit comes with a 3.5-in. disk drive, a mouse and a monitor. Basic software comes with the machine, including programs such as Jack Write and Jack Paint. The whole package will cost around £100, and Philip-Walther reports that it is a very, very machine with a well-used keyboard, good graphics and an impressive screen

display.

At a press conference to launch the machine, Hoyt Trammell of Atari explained the thinking behind Atari's product. "Atari wants to work hard consistently to have the best product at the best price," he said.

Atari is planning to manufacture one million Atari STs in the next 12 months; there will be sold wherever there is a demand for them. The first computers will be sold in the USA in May but no date has yet been set for a UK launch.

There are also plans to provide CIB ROM software and a major encyclopedia is to be released in the USA at the moment on compact disc. It will cost around £300.



Jack Trammell: "Best product at best price"

Look sharp —
here's your chance
to win our
up-to-the-minute
Seiko RC-1000
wrist terminal!

WATCH OUT!



Ear this week's competition and you stand to win a 20-40, 2000-4000 watch — or rather, wrist terminal.

Seiko is giving away one of its latest, Commodore 64-compatible RC-1000 computer Wristing in at a mere 40 grams, and measuring up at 41.8 x 30.6 mm, this little wrist carrier 64 KROM and 3K RAM with an LCD display of two rows, each having 15 characters.

On its normal setting, it shows a 12-hour time display with day and date, and a daily alarm may be set by pushing a few of the six buttons below the LCD window.

But where it comes into its own is in its programmability. It comes supplied with disc- or cassette-based software and a book, with which you connect to our power 64. Now you can enter a weekly alarm, schedule alarm (once-daily reminder for a fixed time and date), world time and memo.

The entire system can be subdivided into categories like telephone numbers and check lists, and you then enter any number of items under your chosen heading.

All you have to do is answer the simple questions below. Cut out your coupon and send it off. When are you wishing for?

Questions

1. What number issue of HCW will be available on 30 May 1987?
2. When we change the clocks in October, which way will they go, forwards or backwards?
3. Will the year 2000 be a leap year?
4. On which river is Greenwich Annot, Thames or Clyde?
5. Is the speaking clock now a man or a woman?

How to enter

Answer the questions in the spaces provided on the coupon. Fill in your full name and address clearly. Seal the coupon in an envelope and post it to: Home Computing Weekly, No 1 Golden Square, London W1R 3LS (to reach us by first post on Friday May 17, 1987).

The rules

Entries will not be accepted from employees of Apple Computers Publications, Seiko and Heston Computers & Data. This competition also applies to employees, families and agents of the companies.

The draw to select winners from post will take place.

Seiko Competition

Entry Coupon

Name

Address

post code

Answers

1

2

3

4

5

© Competition winners and their family will receive a computer gift with our best valued feature price. Prize: 20 (Kilobyte) Commodore 64, 2000 (Commodore 64) or 4000 (Commodore 64) with 640K RAM. Draw will take place on Friday 17 May 1987 at 12.00 noon. Prizes will be sent by first class post.

HARDWARE



The Amstrad CPC664

John Donovan got his hands on an Amstrad CPC664 — here's his verdict

At the launch of the first Amstrad after 404s a disc-based Amstrad was promised. A Year later the 664 has arrived.

So, is the 664 just a 404 with the tape replaced by a 5-inch disc drive? Essentially it is, but in order to provide the disc commands necessary Amstrad has rewritten the I/O BASIC and provided a few extra features and commands. More about those later but first the computer itself.

The 664 works in the same package as its predecessor. It has a cassette and a cassette which contains the keyboard and disc drive. The "one-plus" policy has been maintained but only by providing a TVT output from the cassette for the disc drive. The keyboard has been redesigned and is a great improvement. The keys are in a blue grey colour scheme, the numerical keypad has been labelled with the letter "I" before each number to emphasise the point that the Amstrad does have function keys. The control keys have changed an MSX style layout around the tape key. To the right of the keyboard is the disc drive which bulges out from the console. The top surface of this is not used as useful programming information is located here, such as a colour number chart.

The rear of the 664 is much the same as the 404 except that it now takes an external cassette port to enable tape-based software to be used on the 664, as the Amstrad is no longer a compatibility chain

the Cret/Easy combination to load a cassette. He has been left rather than tape a disc file as one would expect.

So much for the computer. There are mainly graphics based, the most interesting of which is FILL, a fast colour fill that takes as its boundaries the present pen colour or the colour you're filling with. So to fill an area you would first draw the shape on the screen, place the graphics marker where the shape and use the command FILL, a where is is the number of the colour to fill with. This is very effective and Amstrad claim it is the fastest colour fill around.

Also of interest is the FRAME command that synchronises the graphics writing with the frame flyback and thus gives much smoother graphic movement from BASIC without the usual flicker or tearing effects. This feature is very effective in use but, as can be seen even from the example program in the manual, does slow movement down slightly.

As an addition to the fast drawing feature, MARK has been added which allows shaped lines to be produced according to the parameters supplied. Unfortunately this parameter has to be entered as a decimal number even though it is the binary representation that is relevant. So if the command MARK 1 is entered then the line will be dotted as the binary 1 is 00000001 and so on. Also included is a second parameter which controls whether the first point of each line is plotted. This may not seem too useful but it is used when drawing shapes as EOL marks when the plotting of a point must would

be undesirable.

In addition to these and a few other minor commands Amstrad has improved the error handling and increased the number of error codes, because the disc system generates more complex errors than the simpler tape system. The command DERR has been added so errors may be caught with the new ON ERROR GOTO XXX structure and loaded onto DERR has identified them.

Finally an ON BREAK CONT instruction has been added that effectively disables the escape key.

As I have already mentioned, the 664 is compatible in most respects with the 404 and will thus run all but a few of the 404 software titles. The few that don't run have been written using illegal programming techniques which don't follow Amstrad guidelines. The I I ROM, if fitted to the 664 would make it as powerful as the 664 and, although Amstrad has previously stated that the I I would not be made available, the company now indicates that it will. However, the fact that the ROMs are soldered onto the board will provide difficulties for the owner.

To sum up, it is a disc-based machine, an microchrome for £339 and full retail for £449, it has a good keyboard and powerful and proven BASIC. Add to that a lot of successful software titles already available and I think you will come to the same conclusion that I have reached. The 664 is a machine to be reckoned with!

Supplier: Amstrad

Address: Borewood House, Borewood, Essex

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Blockbusters is the monthly computer, gaming, science, mind-boggling puzzle comic. It's the best way to find out if you are a nerd or a genius. You decide.

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THE ULTIMATE CHALLENGE!



B S

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T

SOFTWARE

**Minder**

At last, after a series of soft games based on soft TV series (which were mainly American, or at least just a coincidence!) we get a good game based on an excellent series.

Playing the part of Arthur Daley, you begin with £2000, an assignment of goods and 14 days in which to make as much money as you can by wheedling and dealing with those and one where they've got up along the way. You'll meet a number of dealers, and can either approach them to flip a few crates or some such stuff, or they will make the first approach and try to sell you something. The dealers shop and other locations are presented in much the same way as in a graphic adventure, so is your text input, but the dealers' flags are consistently animated in their words appear on screen.

Juggling is all part of the fun when you're dealing, but watch out for faulty goods or falling prices, or you may get your collar felt by the Old Bill, in the form of Inspector Chastain.

The text input is fairly friendly, and accepts all sorts of phrases. I told one dealer to "not off" only to see a price that fly out of the screen, and there it is.

If I had to categorise Minder, I would call it a business simulation of sorts, though usually rather more enjoyable than most of that rather dry breed of game.

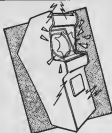
R.C.

Price £9.95

Publisher: De Vries/Theatre TV

Address: Unit 6, Stone Hall Ind Est, Rofford, Woking, Surrey GU24 0AX

SPECTRUM

**Reined In Space**

That adventurous Astorian schoolboy, Roland, is on the move again. Now he's plotting round the universe in his Mark II spaceship bus. Tugot (young colour) — BT is painting them yellow these days! Snapping off points are even. Fresh planets which Roland is searching for these floating blue things. Roland has to collect lots of them in order to build his super-weapon.

This is another game from the big game, of the classic Minder. As with a few new wrinkles added to the old game plan. While there are only seven levels, each one is about three-and-a-quarter screens wide by two and-a-half screens high. As you move Roland around, the background scrolls smoothly, though at certain times you can get a fair amount of "off" at the edges.

You don't have to complete each screen to pass on to another. After an over-the-top page in which the planet spins in an elliptical orbit around you, you are offered a kind of professional menu of the planets, and you choose which to visit. At any time you can return to your prime base, transporting yourself back to the planet menu and another choice. This lets you practice each screen till you're got it sorted.

Returning to full screen also lets you check the status of your super-weapon, represented as a growing coloured bar across the screen, and the number of "re-

sources" you have left — you start with nine. So that a decent score like 170 got you stars. Maybe I'm not playing well enough—scores high score. FYI.

There's plenty of variety in the locations. Sol 3 has ropes, helicopters, frogspawn and frog (well, they're green and they crawl). Terra, apples, soldiers, skulls, and one odd friend (the conveyor belt). Alpha Centauri 4 has more frogs, fish, such, money blobs and space that faster about, orange points along with long acids and hyperspace, so through good again, rolling and more.

Reinforced 2 is just a few bits of superweapons and other things, plus more planets (frogs and lake each, flying mecum and a flying plane booth).

Polaris 4 is pretty hard, with waterfalls and ropes, bridges, and household (later) eggs. Alpha 4 is a complete change of scene with a huge pyramid of planets guarded by beach balls, Water Colors, and a cigarette stick.

Pollux 5 is an odd mixture of clouds, a rocket ship, a galaxy in dock, and the Pantheon. Finally Asteroid 7 is an underwater world of fatal traps, sea snakes, fish schools and seaweed. You can travel almost anywhere in this series by swimming, so it's probably the easiest one to start on.

The graphics are superb, lively and greatly coloured, which isn't quite to my taste. Nevertheless, buying this will leave you.

P.N.G.

Price £9.95

Publisher: Amstrad

Address: Barnwood Ho, 100 Kemp Rd, Barnwood, Essex CM24 4EP

AMSTRAD





Ashkaren

As the local blacksmith you are the newest thing the residents of the village could find in a town! You are therefore pleased to travel to the neighbouring wizard's castle and conquer a crown. It is thus that you find yourself outside the main castle with a swordman's axe and very little else with you.

As the castle is surrounded by a wood and because in times you have that you are sure that it is partly covered more to enter the forest — that would be a mistake unless you happen to be a lover of mice. Once free again you will probably gain access to the castle by waiting for the next cart, riding up in the courtyard, this is where the fun begins. One map to the north and you end up . . . in another maze!

Just as you begin to think Ashkaren is one big maze you stumble into the picture gallery and will soon be informed that you aren't an art critic but it's an improvement on the maze. After this the game opens up and you can explore the butcher, hall and meet the hunter, visit the kitchen and get thrown out of the pantry by the cook and talk food with the maid.

As the maze you will have probably encountered she saved herself who will cast a spell that removes all enemies, to type M and you'll go south. Also press to page up in the black witch you can only get rid of her by forcing her. If you are really lucky you go to meet the shiny glass door! Also invariably makes you with no sword — so to you think, kill him and take his sword. Well, killing him isn't hard (shop

Price £25.95)

Publisher: Miramax

Ashkaren: Halfmoon Games, London EC1P 1BQ

shop) but as far as the sword troubles to deal! There is a sword that you can get, though, but it's broken so for security as you need to find a blacksmith to mend a (broken) sword! One is duly fixed and does indeed mend the sword but the fudge is in the matter and the correct way there is to go to the bedroom and get thrown into the cell by the . . . well, but I'm telling you the plot!



Ashkaren, because that system called "with others" problem. If you go into the picture that occupies the top of the screen scrolls to the left and vice versa, going north or south moves the screen to split in the middle and scroll on.

The picture isn't as good as Level Nine ones but they are still very effective and what's more important, the space they occupy doesn't detract from the complexity of the adventure. As an adventure player I think that the picture that occupies the top of the screen is the game rather than if they were omitted. The pure white bright spark would mean that the graphics and sound were understated. So to sum up, Ashkaren is something for everyone a complex, challenging and witty game for the adventure and it's got pretty good for the experienced. An excellent game — buy it! JGD

SPECTRUM



Jonah Benington's Squash

Once upon a time, a value game console took up a whole table's worth of space and played an average game of squash with a little where ball and a bat that moved only up or down. Now, your little microcomputer can easily simulate you with an amazing three-dimensional squash simulation.

The game presents you with a view from the point of the court, and two easily animated figures, either of which can be controlled by the computer or a player. Keyboard controls are non-definite, and the game offers four difficulties — though even on the lowest I suffered many a dismal drifting.

Though your armchair player depends well on the controls, I found it very hard to figure out how to place him properly and keep the ball in play, yet this never really became frustrating. In fact, it made me want to keep on trying and master the skill — so no need to fear. Still, all dependencies and all the



I'm not a great fan of space simulations, but this game turned out to be much more enjoyable and addictive than I had expected. The only let-down is the horrendous voice synthesis which is meant to encourage the score. It simply sounds like a high pitched BEEP, and something through a tape recorder just goes over a loud, high pitched BEEP, and something through a tape recorder just goes over a loud, high pitched BEEP, which is so negligible that I stopped noticing it after a while.

Price £7.95
Publisher: New Generation
Address: The Booklands, 25 Trenchard, Lycombe Vale, Bath, Avon BA2 4NA

SPECTRUM



Flipped



Hooked



Koon



Yawning



Cometose



Mystery of the Jave Star

This is billed as an educational adventure for the family in four parts. The story starts with your possession of a chess in which you find the fragments of the key book of the long dead Sea Witch. Your task is to rescue an expedition to the Caribbean to search for it, and thus recover the gold and the mysterious Jave Star, a ruby which appears to have ill who touch it.

In fact, this isn't an adventure as I understand the term. It's more like a series of linked puzzles through which you gain clues to the next part of the story. The program itself is written in BASIC, which, though perfectly satisfactory in itself, means that the game is split into four parts, each loaded separately, and each dependent on the completion of the previous part.

While any CPM/MS-DOS are would be pleased to achieve the level of programming competence, in comparison with the best currently available, the graphics and sound are rather crude, and somewhat overpriced changes in the tone of the narrative suggest the supposedly educational nature of the game.

The puzzle themselves are rather tedious. For example, various fragments of a paper are shown jumbled on the screen. By entering co-ordinates you swap the two until a whole sheet, though a complete version is given freely if you ask for help. Thus completed, you must then rearrange fragments of a map using exactly the same method. I found this boring. **B.M.**

Price £7.95

Publisher: Shards

Address: 119 Essex Rd, Hford, Essex SG8 2UQ



Jetboat Jack

This is an arcade game with 30 screens. Jack, a multi-coloured jetboat with jet boosters, is found in a record-passing factory. Each screen has about ten levels between which elevators move. Lateral movement is manual control which must be collected. Jack's boosters won't run for long, however, so jumps of speed, hanging from the roof must be collected when there's a need. In at the same time, Jack must climb through any series of low roof and under many hanging garlands and bags — otherwise it's curtains! He is allowed to get his own back though by positioning him above the hanging bags, and jumping up and down, the garlands are dislodged and fall to his feet.

Graphically, the game is reasonably sophisticated and smooth, though the colours chosen seem a bit washed-out, and the music isn't quite quite Rucker repetitive too.

Because it's on the road jumping and jumping, position is needed. Don't try to climb above the elevators and platforms when they're moving. Thankfully, there's a practice mode, an fact one of the most welcome features of this game is the facility to choose colours for each type of machine, joystick or keyboard control, difficulty, star screen, number of games and so on. Other software houses please note!

And to repeat, therefore, this I didn't find a very addictive, though it's certainly a challenge. Given the graphical standard of games like *Barney*, and the rather weak concept and tone, I found this rather unimpressive. **B.M.**

Price £8.95

Publisher: English

Address: PG Box 43, Manchester M20 3AD



Mighty Magus

Will you be the Mighty Magus as the position journey through 30 levels of the Elting Sea Temple, to have a final showdown with the deadly dragon-like Phosor the Fury?

After killing him you must return to the sea. The levels have pots of rubric and chess — both worth searching — and many weapons, wards, and hidden treasures. These magical weapons with varying strengths can be fought, have spells cast on them or be jumped upon. Your success depends upon relative strength of the Magic and the Mighty Magus. You may only expect it — to reducing its strength — or it may reduce your strength by injury too.

Certain parts of the board have various effects when walked upon — you may be thrown backwards, deposited to another location, have arrows shot at you or spiked with coals or to crush you.

The introductory screen has a story and instructions written in two lines right to left, leading to a screen of listing options of redefining keys, colour on/off, instructions and play. This follows a 30-screen to credit (by the SAVED and LOAD) and finally the game starts at the temple door on level 30. Well light flicker, colour and graphics are superb, as is a set of sound and scrolling screen-right shows score, lives, power, magic, level and home hold.

A yellow border means you've found the magic shield, which protects you from injury until the border goes blue.

As expected, easy to understand game that just begs you to have another go. **T.W.**

Price £6.95

Publisher: Quickbit

Address: Carlton Lodge, 14 Carfax Crescent, Southampton



Alkatraz II — The Damsday Mission

Harvey just escaped from prison with some secret files of the enemy's deadly plans to destroy the world — the Damsday plans — Harvey needs to get them to the Alkatraz over the sea by helicopter.

Unfortunately, between them and the prison lies the thick jungle, ordinary jungle, sea, marsh, forests and various problems, such as snakes, bats. Harvey can collect diamonds in the jungle and food and tobacco from rafting the boat. As he wanders through the jungle seeking the balloons, Harvey meets other escaped convicts who give information — such as the name of the contact, Freddie Fingers — in exchange for goods.

The game starts by giving the story and then drawing a map to be studied, before listing all the information Harvey has to collect about direction to sail on, part to sail to, signs of contact and gold word. There are four skill levels, though level one was difficult enough for me, and having '5' gave more ropes. Then you only be rescued once and staying too long after a watch tower can lead to capture.

The graphics are well designed and coloured, and movement is quite slick. There is no scrolling from one screen to another, just simple replacement, and a reporting of the small map from the start would have enhanced what is basically a good game with some excellent ideas. A nice story that is addictive and exceptional value for the low price. **T.W.**

Price £1.99

Publisher: Scorpio-GamesWorld

Address: 305-315 Carrs Rd, Cheshire Rd, Cheshire M1, Manchester 4

AMSTRAD



AMSTRAD



SPECTRUM



SPECTRUM





Fantastic Voyage

If you enjoyed the film you'll find this computer game fascinating, as you control the divers swimming around the human body seeking out parts of a malfunctioned submersive to reattach to the brain. Complicated, it shrinks and leaves the body via a secret route. I suspect that teenagers would disagree with the routes available between organs and some games used.

Unfortunately irrelevant, causing the body temperature to rise eventually killing the "host", occur from time to time at various parts of the body — shown on the body-map at screen right and labelled at screen top. Your position is also indicated on the map and you must leave the infection to disappear — or die, when temperature reaches critical.

Your way is also blocked by germs: you must collect a white cell to destroy them. If your energy, dipped by swimming, standing and firing the laser, gets too low then you run out and finally become invisible until red cells are collected. Cholesterol — yellow dots — can be lowered to allow you to pass, and green veins break out after the first submersive gun has been assembled; they must be destroyed or they'll destroy you.

Screen top also shows score, time, lives and percentage collected. The use of sound is not distracting and the graphics are extremely well drawn and animated. Movement is as precise response to keys and a new screen instantly replaces the last. A brilliant, addictive way to learn your way — literally — around the body. **T.W.**

Price: £6.95

Publisher: Quicksoft

Address: Carlton Lodge, 16 Chelsea Crescent, Southwicks



Bruce Lee

The game has just got in to be a mainstay for US Gold. Bruce Lee has to visit 30 secret coded dojos to search for the Wizard and his secret of immortality. Starting at the entrance, he jumps to collect laurels on the various levels of the dojos before collecting them in the adjacent rooms. Then he can move down from the entrance into another set of screens, collecting more laurels and avoiding physical dangers: between ledges, pits, light beams across the floor and suddenly appearing exploding bricks.

Bruce is attacked by the Ninja waving blades swiftly and the very dangerous Green Yama delivering crushing blows. Bruce can kick and chop while ducking and running away to kill attempts to harm him. The Yama screens only three times but the Ninja only two.

To move around each room he climbs vines, runs on wires of particles, which change direction without warning, and jumps from ledge to ledge. On reaching the end of the lower screens and the secret, it's back to the start — assuming that he successfully reveals the Wizard's formula and manages to destroy him.

One or two players can play, either against each other or against the computer, scoring points for laurels collected, each successful chop or kick delivered, entering a new room, knocking out attackers, destroying the Wizard and landing on statues. At 40,000 points, and only 30,000 after this, is score Bruce Lee screen.

Graphics, animation, sound and movement make it a superb program. **T.W.**

Price: £3.95

Publisher: US Gold

Address: Unit 34, Tipton Trading Estate, Edgbaston Rd, Tipton, W Midlands



World Series Baseball

The well known name images has reinforced with this simulation of baseball. The most striking aspect is the distinct American feel. The graphics are to a high standard using sprites on a monochrome bit map background.

A single screen is used giving a view of the baseball diamond from the grandstand. Above the field is a window, rather like the grandstand. Along the field is a window, rather like the fancy display used in most roads, which gives close up side views of the pitcher and batter. There are options to play against the computer or against a human opponent. The simulation is really done with choreography and the ball acting a shadow. The close view given by the small window at very slowly stops.

I won't try to explain the rules other than saying that the two sides take it in turns to have an innings and the game is the best of nine innings. The control of the game is by joystick only and due to the wide range of options, it takes a little while to use on. When playing you have control over a wide range of pitches and the actions of the fielders. As before you control the type of strike and the movement of players on the bases.

Compared with other sports simulations, the game is above average. Usually the game is tough to master but once you've moved down the learning curve a bit it becomes both impressive and exciting. At this price it's great fun and good value. **M.W.**

Price: £7.95

Publisher: Image

Address: Orama, 4 Central St, Manchester M2 2NS



Eiffel Tower

This new addition to the Chalksoft educational range is aimed at children over nine and it is suitable for the very able or starting to learn French or the more advanced user who wants to brush up on vocabulary before going on holiday.

Each side of the screen carries a different page. Side A covers such aspects as home, food, shopping, measurements and sport. Side B has further word lists including school, shopping and time.

The heart of the program is very simple. You must build the Eiffel Tower. To do this you type in the correct translation of a word written on the screen. There is a code system for the entry of accents etc. If your answer is correct, a section of the tower is erected, if not the answer appears in red on the screen for you to memorise. The original question is then repeated. When the tower is completed you are given a rating, varying from apprentice to draftsman.

Revisions lists and options to load your own word lists are given. One useful section deals with those little opportunities words which are often ignored in language programs. These include before, after, behind, in front of etc.

The program Turbo loads with little trouble. The graphics are simple but effective and some jolly tunes are used. A nice "feel good" approach is used so that you can have infinite attempts at a word until you succeed. Overall, a good buy. **M.W.**

Price: £7.95

Publisher: Chalksoft

Address: 37 Wilton Rd, Worcester WR3 7QP





Rock n' Roll

Actionists but come up with neither an odd game here. You control a little hero who must help missing gardeners together. The mode is that he must walk down the garden to do this and can only move from garden to garden if they are touching.

You enter each level via a lift and you must return to the lift once the screen is completed. The nature of the game is such that a high degree of forward planning is required to ensure that you can complete the screen and find a way back to the lift.

Two types of problem are posed. First some screens can be solved in any way you choose. These tend to be the easier type. The second screen requires that the garden be attacked in a specified way. This option can be frustratingly tough. The always of garden can occupy up to three screens some depending on the level of difficulty.

Three play options are available. As unaided option acts as a practice mode allowing you to get a feel for the game. The other two options make you perform against the clock but you can earn money for completed screens.

The graphics are slick with reasonable animation. The background music is abstract but very useful and didn't become tedious even after an hour's play. Overall a testing game which is certainly original and very nicely programmed. The bad news is the price. Knew three pounds off it and agreed value.

A.W.

Price £10.99

Publisher: Activision

Address: 15 Harley Hill, Marylebone Rd, W9 3PR, London NW9 3PR

C84



Penguin Study Software: Physics Penguin Study Software: Chemistry

Two packages designed to teach not just physics and chemistry at CSE and 'O' level. Although there are a number of teaching packages on the market, it's fine to assume that anyone with a sound knowledge of a subject, a reasonable grasp of programming, and an up to date breakdown of the questions which have arisen in recent exams, could write a question and answer type of testing program which gives your score in the end. Given that, it follows that the content of the program is not nearly as significant as its structure, that is, the way it attempts to teach and test. It's very clear that the authors have given this a great deal of thought.

Each subject has four individual tutorials dealing with related topics. Questions are presented in multiple choice format, as in the exams, at the top of the screen. You are asked to respond either with the key letter for each answer, or 'H' for help. Should your answer be wrong, you are told so, and given the hint you would have received had you asked for help in the first place. You may then attempt another answer. Get a wrong again, or ask for further help, and the answer comes up, together with an explanation of the principle underlying the question, and any relevant information or formulae.

You also have two choices, either to move on to a question on another topic, or to repeat

the same topic, but with a different question. It is here that the authors' devotion shows. While the rest in the question will of course be different, the form of the question is also likely to be slightly different too, as a result of randomising both elements. This means that you cannot "learn" the questions purely by heart, but must be able to contend with all forms of likely questions on the topic. You may repeat like this, with different questions, answers and formulae as often as you like and you have a second grasp of the subject matter. Help is always available.

At the end of each question, you may choose to quit and receive your score. Again, this is very clear. You are given the number of "correct first time" responses, "wrong second time" responses, "help" requests, questions attempted, time taken and score. The score is very clear: 100 if every question is correct, 25 per cent if you get away with nothing as a multiple choice! By getting you ought to score at least 25 per cent. The reason behind this is to encourage you to try and complete for a perfect, and not to stop the score here! Thus, you get a detailed and reliable run-down of your performance, which can be dumped in a printer, and used to see how much you improve next time.

Score presentation is modest, apparently machine code driven, with no-frills colour, but a Microline option to run loading speed would be handy. Equally useful for the first time introduction or revision, it's not cheap, but is the best seen yet.

B.M.

Price £14.95

Publisher: Penguin

Address: Harmondsworth, Middlesex



Sub Strike

Here is a program for aquatic lovers or anyone inspired by the submarine series on TV.

As a fairly substantial in the depth of some fairly waters your task is to shoot down waves of attacking bomb-dropping, rocket-firing helicopters while dodging and destroying naval ships. To add to the misery, you must also dodge the falling debris of "shot-up" copers.

The scene takes place in a Bury Borey graveyard of wrecks and deep water, above which float cautionous clouds, which hide waves of attacking aircraft flying in from the left in eight. As each wave is destroyed the sea bed rises, thus limiting manoeuvrability and a new and different coloured foreground drives in while underwater hazards multiply.

As usual, you begin the game with a number of lives and points are scored for completed screens, copers and rockets shot down and some subs destroyed. Extra lives can be gained for every four screens of helicopters destroyed, and there is a high-score table and facilities for joystick use, despite the game being easy to control, make the game much more enjoyable to play.

The instruction is a bit irritating because it will only fire when the sub is stationary and the rate of fire is poor. The best strategy is to start in from the front of the helicopters, in fly, and dodge and again before being hit by torpedoes and rockets.

The instructions are adequate and the tape comes in a substantial and attractive package.

J.D.

Price £8.95

Publisher: TDS

Address: Portwood Hill, 18 Soderham Rd, Basing 100 204

SPECTRUM

C85



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TURBO LOAD



Using Mike Carey's utility for the Amstrad CPC464 you can load software in double quick time

There is a useful BASIC word for the Amstrad CPC464, and should be entered in the user manual in the words in David Ellis's article. TURBO allows the user to determine the Average Read Rate (ARR) at which you save programs. From BASIC, Speed Write 0 gives an ARR of 1000, while Speed Write 1 gives an ARR of 2000 and is very fast. Using ITURBO, the ARR can be adjusted from 400 (slower than Speed Write 0) to upwards of 1000 ARR (faster than Speed Write 1) before read/write errors occur. Here are the relevant codes to

be entered:

```
PR 00 CD CD 00 01 CD 00 01
LA CD 00 00 C9
```

The format of the word is ITURBO,xxx where x represents the "half size bit" length and p represents the "precompensation" applied when saving. The faster the ARR, the more precompensation must be applied. ARR is calculated by the equation:

$$ARR = 1,000,000/(1+p)$$

and p may take any value between 0 and 255, but in

practice it won't be greater than 180. Thus ITURBO,180.90 yields an ARR of 1000. Speed Write 0 is equivalent to ITURBO,0,00 and Speed Write 1 is equivalent to ITURBO,0,007.

To save a program, ensure first the word is loaded correctly, along with the previous BASIC words (PARAMETER must be present). Enter ITURBO,x,p and SAVE "filename" as per usual. The program will be saved at the ARR determined by your Experimentation will rapidly demonstrate the fastest save which is reliable on your Amstrad CPC 464.

Basic's GOTO, I Assembler, Page 1.

Page 1 errors: 00

0000	000000	00	AMSTRAD CPC 464 800 1000 - TURBO (SPEED SAVE)	
0000	000000	00		
0000	000000	00	CALL 000000	PUT PARAMETER 1 IN 00
0000	000000	00	CALL 000000	PUT PARAMETER 1 IN 00
0000	000000	00	LD A,0	PUT PARAMETER 1 IN 00
0000	000000	00	CALL 000000	CALL TO SUBROUTINE
0000	000000	00	RET	RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE

Page 2 errors: 00

Table used: 10 from 100

Hisoft GENR2.1 Assembler. Pass

Pass 1 errors: 00

	10		
	11	RESTYPE CPC 464 85K WORD - 1MODE	
	20		
2567 CD4662	30	CALL #8236	
2568 7E	40	LD R,HL	
2569 CD468C	50	CALL #8C8E	
256E C9	60	RET	

Pass 2 errors: 00

Tables used: 13 from 111
Hisoft GENR2.1 Assembler. Pass 1:

Pass 1 errors: 00

	10	RESTYPE CPC 464 85K WORD - 10P80UE
	20	
2566 CD4662	30	CALL #8236
2567 7E	40	LD R,HL
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Popular Computing Weekly (1986)

Britain is the Software Capital of the World - far superior to the U.S.A. The computer revolution is just beginning and as the emphasis shifts from hardware to software WE are best placed to shape the future. The writing's on the wall - get actively involved while the industry is young.

(Amstrad, MSX, Atari 800XL, COM 64, BBC Electron versions are in preparation.)

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C64 Idea Book

One of the current burning issues in home computing is how to bridge the gap between desktop as a games machine and machine as a useful household tool. This book contributes greatly to that task.

It starts with a helpful review of the 64 and explains why you might need a disc drive, printer, plotter, mouse, joystick, and even a graphics tablet. It goes on to compare software with some very top-to-bottom-analysed series bought packages.

There's a very well written chapter explaining the concept, standard functions and uses of word processors, spreadsheets and databases, plus a few ideas and graphics which it rounds off the excellent chapter with information about language editors like BASIC solutions for the 64.

The rest of the book is a mixture of practical solutions which you might consider employing. Nothing particularly original, many revisited ideas, but a wealth of ideas, sports club records — including printing the programmes — deep freeze records, using an record collection, the planner and a foreign language dictionary. All are covered with a detailed example, and in a few years, lots of it is precious to do the job. In particular there's a simple word processor. Unfortunately most of the things have errors, some obvious, others not, but enough to confuse beginners.

For a few quid, I have the type style. No script has been made to translate from the American original, e.g. it can dollars can pounds. There is reference to the VIC 1500 printer — long renamed the HP2000. But then, if someone pays just out of their own idea into production, it'll be value for money. **B.M.**

Price: £3.95

Publisher: First Publishing

Address: Unit 308, Hoxtonville Rd, Finchbury, Brixton

C64



Maths Tutor

Despite the many books written about home computing, this is the first I have seen which makes any attempt to use the computer to teach general mathematics.

The reason why modern maths books are easier to read and understand than the schoolbook books of bygone years is that they are attractively set out and use clear diagrams. Diagrams and understanding in it is no surprise that a computer can be an effective learning machine, especially if you can use it as an interesting device.

The author doesn't pretend to have covered the full 'A' or 'A' level syllabus but attempts at giving a lively and fairly understood with, scattered about the text, interesting bits of information concerning mathematical history and variety of mathematical topics.

The book starts by giving a simple introduction to basic programmes and progresses from simple number theory to more sophisticated concepts such as matrices.

To give some idea a few of the topics covered are: inequalities, polynomials, complex numbers, vectors, circle geometry, integration, and, wherever possible, the programs are animated and interactive.

Maths Tutor could be used as a reference of ideas for developing programs tailored to one's own requirements, but one of the most useful sections in the book could prove to be Appendix 1 which gives a comprehensive list of VICE 25 over-the-head instructions, covering Greek upper and lower case letters as well as many of the mathematical symbols one needs when writing maths and physics programs. **J.B.**

Price: £7.95

Publisher: Century Communications

Address: Portland Hse, 12-13 Gresham St, London WC2E 9LE

BBC



40 Best Machine Code Routines for the 64

One of the common subjects handled by computer book authors in the moment is the provision of machine code routines which can be used by beginners to enhance their BASIC programs. The main drawback is often that the routines are rather repetitious and of limited value and sophistication.

While this book is larger than most, these routines are still general. As expected, many of the routines deal with graphics or sound although there are some useful utilities. All programs have a comprehensive, private-linking are given of the source code and a monitor dump. There are also supplemented by some brief instructions. To allow you to make the machine dump, a loader for the public domain routine is provided, a good.

The graphics routines include pixel write, simple line routines, rectangles, circles, arcs, ellipses and some routines for sprites and redefined characters. The pixel write, don't use raster interrupts and are therefore tedious and rather slow. The author tried to be the best, section with the commands, COLD, SAVING and LOADING of blocks of memory, all of them being most useful. The text is rather machine code although games writers probably find the routines for sound and graphics of use.

On the whole, the book is of limited value except for complex beginners. The area of graphics and sound have been well covered in other books and to greater depth. Were this a couple of pounds cheaper, it would be worth buying for the utilities alone.

A.M.

Price: £3.95

Publisher: Blackwell

Address: The Old Place, Pinner, 45 Grosvenor Cres, London NW9 1

C64





The Amstrad CPC464 Advanced User Guide

In this Advanced User Guide, which is approved by Amstrad, Mark Harrison attempts to reveal the fundamentals of the machine in a style rather less opaque than the original manual, then extends use of the machine to include its unique and powerful features.

Strangely, the first chapter of this 146 page soft-back is taken up with an almost verbatim re-write of the handbook dealing with a list of BASIC keywords and associated parameters, together with the difference between RAM and ROM.

Thereafter, the guide hits up with chapter two getting into some info on handling with computer originated inputs to tape in. This is where your knowledge starts to be tested, although the author fails to accurately to explain the difference between RAM and ROM, he doesn't fully explain the nuances of bit settings, just the technique being taught, indeed, this is a feature of the following chapters which cover clever use of screen input, messages and timing, data structures, various efficient run routines, graphics and sound systems. (Don't expect to make old disc drives, the book was written before their release).

Given that information is power, this is a very worthwhile volume, concerning examples, explanations and information found in the more extensive, or indeed, up of the CMC manuals from Amstrad. You will however, need to be fully conversant with BASIC; to make good use of it, and a reasonable level of maths and English is also desirable. D M

Price: £6.95

Publisher: Sigma Press

Address: 5 Alan Rd, Wembley Chesham, S6P 5DT



Capital Radio's Book of Computers and Simple Programming

This is another book in a series by Computer Publications dedicated to the TI-99/4A computer. This one, however, is limited to a discussion of home applications using Extended BASIC. There are eight chapters in all, spanning such topics as file management, electronic spreadsheets, graphics and charts, and card files. Programs are provided on all of these subjects and a full discussion on how they run is included.

The book is obviously aimed at the experienced user who wants to use the computer for something more than just games. Although the basic requirements are the console monitor, Extended BASIC and cassette storage system, many of the programs have options for memory expansion, disc drive and a printer.

The title of the book implies that the applications are intended for the home, but most are suitable for the office. Not many of us would want to normally play for hours of idle computer to find monthly trends.

Not having an expansion system beyond the maximum requirements of the book, I was often frustrated by the limitations of the basic system. Keeping information on cassette files is all very well, but can be time consuming to regularly search and update. Copying the results by hand is also a chore if you don't have a printer.

The book will certainly be of general interest to TI users, but hardly worth the investment unless you plan to use it fully to keep a super efficient home.

J W

Price: £10.95

Publisher: Computer Publications, c/o Hot Sources

Address: 1 St Anne's Rd, Eastbourne Sussex BN21 1AN

Book of Computers and Simple Programming

There is almost a need for a simple beginner's book which doesn't undertake first-rate work — and which can be understood by pre-occupied parents of computer whizz kids. This book, written by Kelly Temple of Capital Radio, is an attempt to give newcomers to computing from having to know all information from the plethora of technical literature surrounding the computing world.

The idea for the book originated from the problems Kelly encountered when he was given the task of putting together a series of programmes on computers for a local radio station. His aim was to produce a simple introduction to computers whilst making learning fun.

One of the problems of writing for computing is that of making the material adaptable for all levels of machine. Fortunately, at this simple level, this isn't too difficult, although sadly, from the BBC's point of view, QWERTY and QWERTZ have to predominate and no account can be made of PROCEDURES. This means that the structured programming available with BBC BASIC can't be introduced.

I can commend the book for its price, its simple, easy to understand approach, and for the way it treats the problems of syntax differences. It contains commands at various BASIC dialects in such areas where programming is machine specific, such as screen and colour but gives excellent explanations of READ/DATA and A\$K\$V\$S. The latter part of the book introduces flowcharts, gives a glossary of computer terms, a glossary of a gloss and a brief history guide.

JLB

Price: £3.95

Publisher: Interfax Publications

Address: W11 Kensington High St, London W8 5NP



Mapping the VIC

Although Commodore has withdrawn the VIC-20, there are still many thousands of people using the computer. Fortunately publishers such as Computer Concepts, to whose material for the VIC.

When you want to make the transition from BASIC to machine code, it is vital to have a grasp of the memory workings of the computer. This book provides a detailed description of how the VIC's memory is ROM'd work.

The chapters cover memory pages 0, 1, 2 and 3, memory expansion and the character ROM, the VIC chip and ROMs. All of this is explained in a superb detail.

The contents of the chapters in the first four memory pages are discussed in depth and useful locations and potential storage areas are indicated. Similarly, the routines in the ROMs are described in splendid detail.

This material is supplemented by 34 appendices giving a wide range of useful data. In all, you get 420 pages of readable information for your money.

A particularly useful section in the alphabetic list of entry points and important locations. As far as I am concerned, this book does the trick well on the original source code.

I cannot find a single fault with this book — a very rare occurrence. Each time I pick it up, I find a new, useful and amusing insight. While the price is somewhat high, it's worth every penny and will find a place in every VIC owner's reference library.

A W

Price: £11.95

Publisher: Hot Sources Computer Books

Address: 1 St Anne's Road, Eastbourne, East Sussex BN21 1AN

AMSTRAD



TI99



VIC-20



GRAPHICS

Jon Reyle shows you how to switch colours without having to redraw

Colour switching is a technique which allows the simulation of characters or designs without the need to redraw the design for each movement. As there is not time spent in redrawing, significantly more can be produced in one tick of the watch.

The following example of colour switching was written on an Amstrad CPC464. Program 1 draws a series of concentric boxes in different colours. In this change each line colour to black, which is the background colour used. This effectively controls the boxes. Using a FOR-NEXT loop each of the line colours is changed momentarily to white before being changed back to black. By working with the central box and working out, the colour switching creates the illusion of travelling down a tunnel into the screen. The majority of the commands used in the program can be found on most of today's home computers; to experienced should be prove difficult.

```
1  REM Program 1
10  INC 500
20  HOME 0
30  PAPER 0 : CLS
40  BODLE 270
50  FOR I = 1 TO 50
60  GOSUB 140
70  GOSUB 340
80  NEXT I
90  GOSUB 350
100  PRINT G : ( ) : ( )
110  BODLE 400
120  HOME
130  END
```

```
140 REM CALCULATE NEW COORDINATES
```

```
150 X110 = X100 + 10
```

```
160 X120 = X100 - 10
```

```
170 Y110 = Y100 + 10
```

```
180 Y120 = Y100 - 10
```

```
190 RETURN
```

```
210 REM DRAW SQUARE
```

```
220 HOME X110,Y110
```

```
230 DRAW X120,Y120,1
```

```
240 DRAW X110,Y120,1
```

```
250 DRAW X110,Y110,1
```

```
260 RETURN
```

```
320 REM DRAW INTERNAL COORDINATES FOR SQUARE
```

```
330 I = 0
```

```
340 REM X120,Y120
```

```
350 FOR N = 1 TO 5
```

```
360 DRAW X110,Y110
```

```
370 NEXT N
```

```
380 DATA 10,10,500,300
```

```
390 RETURN
```

```
400 REM CHANGE ALL COLOURS TO BLACK
```

```
410 FOR I = 1 TO 10
```

```
420 INC I:G
```

```
430 NEXT I
```

```
440 RETURN
```

```
450 REM CHANGE EACH COLOUR TO WHITE IN SEQUENCE
```

```
460 FOR I = 1 TO 1 STEP -1
```

```
470 INC I:G
```

```
480 FOR N = 1 TO 100 : NEXT N : REM DELAY LOOP
```

```
490 INC I:G : REM BACK TO BLACK
```

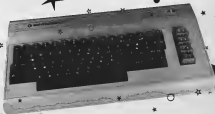
```
500 NEXT I
```

```
510 RETURN
```

Numerous Commodore 64 users must use their machines solely for playing games. In most cases this may not be the best choice, but due to the fact that the C64 is hardly the most user-friendly machine around when you get down to programming. The C64's screen memory may run from address 1024 to 3003. This means that the screen is divided into 1000 squares, laid out in 25 rows with each row containing 40 squares. By using the

screen's POKE, you can place a character anywhere on the screen. The command POKE 1024,65 should place a space at the top left hand corner of the screen. If you try it you will find that it doesn't, because you never told the machine what colour it was to be placed in.

Instead of using single statements like POKE and INC, Commodore decided there should be a special screen memory which would act like a piece of cellophane. This



second area of memory, the colour RAM, lies from address 31700 to 32000. To make our stars appear on the screen we must POKE a colour value into this colour RAM at the same screen position as our character, eg. POKE(31700,7) is the code for yellow. Program 2 demonstrates the method of placing a character on the screen and then proceeds to animate it.



```

1  RUN PROGRAM 2
5  PRINT " "
10  BASE = 31700
20  PB = 500
30  COL = 32070
40  POKE COL, PB,7
45  POKE BASE + PB,80
48  REM *** READ KEYBOARD = PRINT CHARACTER
50  KEY = PEEK(1000)
60  POKE BASE + PB,30 : REM PRINT A BLANK SPACE TO RE-ALIGN PREVIOUS
  CHARACTER
70  IF KEY = 13 THEN PB = PB + 1 : REM MOVE LEFT
80  IF PB < 1 THEN PB = 1
90  IF KEY = 26 THEN PB = PB + 1 : REM MOVE RIGHT
100 IF PB > 1000 THEN PB = 1000
110 IF KEY = 48 THEN PB = PB + 40 : REM MOVE UP ONE LINE
120 IF PB < 1 THEN PB = 1
130 IF KEY = 55 THEN PB = PB + 40 : REM MOVE DOWN ONE LINE
140 IF PB > 1000 THEN PB = 1000
144 REM PRINT CHARACTER IN NEW POSITION
148 POKE COL, PB,7
150 POKE BASE + PB,80
155 GOTO 50 : REM GO BACK AND READ NEXT KEY PRESS
    
```

By pressing the \uparrow \downarrow keys, the cursor can be made to move left, right, up, or down, respectively. Line 50 reads the keyboard and stores the screen code of any key pressed in the variable KEY. By checking the constants of KEY against the values of the keys with which we are concerned we can then assign the character in that direction.



To round off David Ellis's popular series for the Amstrad, we bring you a complete listing of m/c commands

PSX printing errors

BCW 99 Table 1

The digits and math signs should read

BRCEA	JR NO. LOOP	20 FR
BRCEC	BCX HL	10

BCW 100 Listing 1

The line entry should read

BRCEB	LD B,1	6 1
-------	--------	-----

Listing 3

The following line should read

20000	ADDRESS = B*1000 : Z = 1 : WHILE Z <> 0
20020	IF Z=128 THEN PRINT CHR\$(Z) : ELSE PRINT CHR\$(Z-128),

BCW 104

The complete listing for the words RIGHT and UP is misspelled, and has been printed on the letters page of BCW 106

BCW 106 Column 1

The following line should read

20 WIDE = 630 : WHILE WIDE > 0

In the summary of BASIC words CH*SET should read

OFFSET , G*FFSETX

David Ellis's series on BASIC words for the Amstrad CPC484 proved very popular. So much so, that we thought we'd re-examine your suggestions by re-examining the machine code routines which set up all the BASIC words you need. If you type out the listing up to line 1000, you'll recognise all the new words you discovered in the series, so be used from BASIC.

Whether you want a routine,

to help you clean up some minor confusion, or whether you only managed to catch a part of the series, this listing should make life easier.

We've also included some corrections. Minor printing errors may have confused you — unless you were smart enough to work them out for yourself. Here are the amended lines — and, for your information, David Ellis's articles were printed in BCW 95, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 104 and 105.

ATOM BOX

In this program by D J West you must find the atoms which are hidden in the box. Use your rays carefully or get penalty points.

There are atoms in a box and you must try and work out their positions by firing rays at them.

A ray may be shielded, deflected, absorbed or reflected back through its entry point. Each raymarker scores 1 possible point. At any time during the game you may try and guess the position of an atom making a five point penalty for an incorrect guess.

You lose when your score reaches zero.

Variables

ATOMS: playing area
X: co-ordinates
of atom
A: hidden atom
B: direction pointer

```

10 REM *****
20 REM *
30 REM * THE BOX *
40 REM *
50 REM * See D J WEST *
60 REM *
70 REM * 11000 *
80 REM *
90 REM *****
100 REM
110 RANDOMISE
120 GO SUB 7000
1300 REM *** game ***
1410 DIM a(10,10)
1500 GO SUB 6000
1600 GO SUB 7000
1700 REM ***
1800 REM ***
1910 POINT 2000:PRINT "Start of game 11000"
2100 POINT 0:REM "Start of game 11000"
2200 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 2300
2300 POINT AT 0,0:REM
2400 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 2500
2500 GO SUB 4000
2600 LET a(0,0) LET ray
2700 GOTO 30,00
2800 IF a(0,0) THEN LET a(0,0) THEN LET a(0,0)
2940 PRINT FLASH:PRINT y(0-1),x(0-1),a(0,0)
3000 REM ***
3100 POINT 2000
3200 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
3300 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
3400 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 3500
3500 REM ***
3600 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 3700
3700 REM ***
3810 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
3900 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 4000
4000 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
4100 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 4200
4200 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
4300 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 4400
4400 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
4500 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 4600
4600 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
4700 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 4800
4800 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
4900 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 5000
5000 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
5100 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 5200
5200 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
5300 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 5400
5400 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
5500 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 5600
5600 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
5700 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 5800
5800 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
5900 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 6000
6000 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
6100 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 6200
6200 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
6300 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 6400
6400 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
6500 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 6600
6600 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
6700 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 6800
6800 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
6900 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 7000
7000 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
7100 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 7200
7200 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
7300 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 7400
7400 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
7500 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 7600
7600 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
7700 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 7800
7800 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
7900 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 8000
8000 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
8100 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 8200
8200 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
8300 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 8400
8400 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
8500 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 8600
8600 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
8700 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 8800
8800 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
8900 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 9000
9000 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
9100 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 9200
9200 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
9300 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 9400
9400 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
9500 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 9600
9600 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
9700 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 9800
9800 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1
9900 IF a(0,0) THEN GO TO 10000
10000 LET a(0,0)=a(0,0)+1

```



THE BOX

SCORE

OPTIONS

[ANY KEY]

○ REBORN

◊ REFLECT


```

8440 PRINT AT 1,3,10  0  0
8450 PRINT AT 5,15,10
8460 PRINT AT 10,10,10
8470 PRINT AT 10,15,10
8480 PRINT AT 15,20,10  0  0
8490 PLOT 20,20: DRAW 0,10
8500 PLOT 30,20: DRAW 0,0
8510 PLOT 40,20: DRAW 0,0
8520 PLOT 100,100: DRAW 0,100: DRAW 20,0
8530 PLOT 100,40: DRAW -20,0: DRAW 0,-100: DRAW 20,0
8540 PLOT 90,80: DRAW 0,70
8550 PRINT AT 10,100:PRINT 0000
8560 PRINT AT 12,20:PRINT 000000
8570 PRINT AT 14,20:PRINT 000000
8580 PLOT 100,40: DRAW 0,0
8590 PRINT 70:PRINT 1
8600 DRAW 0:RETURN
8610 REM end demo
8620 FOR P=0 TO 10:PRINT AT 1,20,P  0  0
8630 NEXT P
8640 REM code = unlabelled-----
8650 DRAW 0: PLOT 100,0: DRAW 0: CLR
8660 FOR P=0 TO 40
8670 READ A
8680 PLOT 100,100+A
8690 NEXT A
8700 LET 100,0,0,0: REM go "BACK"
8710 LET 000,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
8720 LET 100,0: LET 000
8730 RETURN
8740 DATA 0,10,20,30,40,50,60,70
8750 DATA 0,120,140,160,180,200,220,240
8760 DATA 0,30,130,230,330,430,530
8770 DATA 0,40,50,60,70,80,90,100
8780 DATA 0,100,110,120,130,140,150
8790 DATA 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
8800 DATA 0,0,20,30,40,50,60,70
8810 DATA 0,0,20,30,40,50,60,70

```



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INTRIGUE
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4

1. The first step is to identify the problem.
 2. The second step is to define the problem.
 3. The third step is to analyze the problem.
 4. The fourth step is to develop a solution.
 5. The fifth step is to implement the solution.
 6. The sixth step is to evaluate the solution.
 7. The seventh step is to monitor the solution.
 8. The eighth step is to maintain the solution.
 9. The ninth step is to improve the solution.
 10. The tenth step is to document the solution.

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Journal of Internal Medicine 245: 353–360

[illegible]

HOME: C:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\cmd.exe [30 April 2001] Page 37



PROBLEMS

James Russell explains elementary music theory to start you off on using your micro to make music

There's a strange contradiction in wanting to use your micro for music. Once you are reasonably proficient at programming, and you have a fair knowledge of music, you stand a chance of doing something useful. If, on the other hand, you know how to play an instrument and have little knowledge of the computer, life can be very frustrating, taking hours attempting to sort out something which could be achieved at a very short time on your bangol!

Equally frustrating, however, is knowing how to program your computer to play notes, in the way outlined in my last article, but not knowing where to get the note values from. If you can't read music and you have no knowledge of an instrument, where on earth do you start? Perhaps the only place is the written standard music notation, which may well be a frightening thought, if you suffered unbearable music lessons at school! If that thought doesn't get you off, then a short reminder as to how writing music works might not go amiss.

Music is written on a system of five lines, with four spaces. From the bottom, the spaces appearing on the lines are E G B D F, and those in the spaces are F A C E, usually remembered as Every Good Boy Deserves Favier, and FACE, respectively. This is shown in Fig 1.

Notes are placed either on the line or in a space. Unless specified, the notation isn't flexible enough to show every note possible. As a result, small lines and spaces can be added above and below the notes shown, extending the pattern of notes A to G then repeating. One place as your micro manual will show that this isn't good enough to say what about those funny lines again and squashed b's?



Fig 1

The squashed b's are called flats, and several computer manuals don't mention them! The hash sign denotes a sharp. They have a fixed relationship for pitches. As far as we're concerned, they mean this. If you find them at the be-

ginning of a line of music, are on the G line, then the note which you must find the value of is next G, but either G sharp (half up), or G flat (squashed G). G sharp is a higher note between D and A, G flat is a lower note between D and F.

DAY AT THE RACES

In Richard Batt's game you have not one but five chances to win the race

The odds are fine and the odds are good? The action is high — you stand to win the coveted prize money. Fortunately you have five chances to win in each afternoon's racing: there are five races and the jockey who is first past the post three or more times, wins at the end of the day.

To win the race you don't whip your horse — but watch out! You can be fined for using the crop too much. The races vary in length and full instructions are included in the program.

Procedures Def

DEFPROC can set up your defined characters, race in data.

DEFPROC turns off cursor.

DEFPROC saves #1000.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

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DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.



1	PCN	00	10000	0000	00
2	PCN	00	By 0.0000	0000	00
3	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
4	PCN	00	By 0.0000	0000	00
5	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
6	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
7	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
8	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
9	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
10	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
11	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
12	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
13	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
14	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
15	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
16	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
17	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
18	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
19	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
20	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
21	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
22	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
23	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
24	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
25	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
26	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
27	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
28	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
29	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
30	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
31	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
32	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
33	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
34	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
35	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
36	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
37	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
38	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
39	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
40	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
41	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
42	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
43	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
44	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
45	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
46	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
47	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
48	PCN	00	0000	0000	00
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DEFPROC saves data in memory.

DEFPROC saves data in memory.

JOYSTICK



The Ultimate in JOYSTICK controls?

Take a look at the Sure Shot Supreme
— and try saying that quickly!

For some reason, people have always believed more often could be blamed, many have doubted and more have been disappointed with a joystick. Personally, I gave higher scores with keys, when finding controls too stiff or too loose. Would this be any different, I wondered.

The Sure Shot is made by RP products, responsible for many of the peripherals found on arcade machines. It's easy to see this is a mainly French-made product. It has an Atari-style plug, suitable for most machines or adapters. The actual stick is not one of the popular, plastic

types which are moulded to fit a clenched hand, but a simple metal rod, covered with a/s adequately plastic cylinder. This allows for a variety of holds, whichever you find most comfortable.

There are three fire buttons, one on top, and two on either side of the base to allow for left- and right-handed players. Fire and the four main directions are all responsive, but diagonals slightly weak. It usually failed on a Q*bert game I tried. I also found the stick inaccurate for precision jumping games like Technobots. Too, where you need to press fire and a direction at the same time.

The base is quite compact, but does not have proper, rubber grip pads on the bottom. Instead a big half sphere, which on my desk were slightly wavy in size, causing it to wobble. It is very good to hold in the hand though, but can be painful if you play a tough game.

I tested the stick on the toughest game possible: Daley Thompson Decathlon. It stood up very well — I changed my best ever scores and ended up looking more stressed than the crowd! The joystick is based around micro-switches, fixed to a metal chassis, and should last a long time. It worked well on the shoot-'em-ups I tried.

Although the point of a joystick will never equate itself to me, if you keep having to look at the keys, it may be finer, and need secondary keyboard buttons. This is an attractive, sturdy, well-built joystick. It doesn't require too much to move it, neither is it over-sensitive. If you don't mind the lack of wrap, the basic design and the price tag itself, then it is thoroughly recommended. As a key player, I was impressed.

P.B.

Price: Atari £29.95; Emerson/CL £21.95; BBC £24.95; Electron £24.95

Manufacturer: RP Products
Barnham, Eborac
Address: Parkfold Ln, Bellingham, N. Humberdale TD14 5SR.
Machine: Any with suitable connector or interface



BARNEY THE BROKER

There's money to be made in this game by Sean Conway — but look out for Barney the broker — he wants your cash!

Your bank manager has given you £14,000 for these weeks and you must invest it in the stock market. If you lose the money then you'll probably end up bankrupt! But you can keep any profits for yourself.

Look out for Barney the broker, he looks very honest but he might try and sell you some bad shares!

Variable

- 41 main loop variable
- 42401 newshare message
- 20 answer for day
- 50 value of share
- 60 total value of assets (money and shares)
- 55 market average
- 40 not change
- 41 number of shares to deal
- 7 number of shares to invest (max 4 or 10)
- 400 number of shares owned
- 100001 answer whether lost on particular day
- 101 price of particular stock
- 10001 new price
- 5500 stock name
- 5401 total market stock value
- 14000 chance of stock value increasing
- 20 stock of Barney the broker
- 81 no. of shares from BB
- 80 buy or sell — BB
- 82 price of shares — BB

How it works

- 100-105 on up BEEP
- 110 not 100000 (number colours)
- 120-130 read data
- 170-180 on up variables
- 200-250 PRINT sub screen
- 260 start main loop
- 270 more variables
- 270-275 read input prices
- 300-350 part of new day
- 3600-3620 print short names and prices
- 3650-3660 market average, chance + 1000000 interest
- 3660-3670 share atmosphere
- Share on sell
- 3680-3690 Barney the broker portfolio
- 3690-3700 Barney terms
- 3700-3710 on up stock day
- 37200, change price
- 3730-3740 print new price, not change
- 37400 part of broker
- 3750-3760 stock, any money
- 3760-3770 print price changes on stock day screen
- 37800-37900 broker rating at end of game
- 37900-37950 end of game
- 37960-37970 print space residue
- 37980 game data

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100 REM ##### D I S K #####
```

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105 DIMH$(14)
```

```
110 DIMFO(15)
```

```
117 DIMHA(15)
```

```
120 REM####SET SCREEN COLOURS##
```

```
130 FORL=0TO4:FORC=0TO7:
```

```
150 REM ##### SET UP WORDS #####
```

```
155 FORI=1TO4:READW$(I):NEXTI
```

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160 FORI=1TO4:READM$(I):NEXTI
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165 FORI=1TO4:READP$(I):NEXTI
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```
170 REM ##### SET VARIABLES#####
```

```
180 FORI=1TO4:ILETO(1)=0:NEXTI
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185 W=10000
```

```
200 REM#####
```

```
201 REM##### DRAW BUILDING #####
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220 REM#####
```

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230 PRINT"#####"
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232 PRINT"#####"
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234 PRINT"#####"
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235 FORI=1TO4
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RECORD COMPUTED STRICTLY TO JUNE 1994 Page 32

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0001  REM ***** OF MARKET IS ACCURATE **
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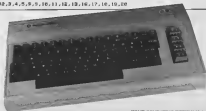
0000 FOR I=1 TO 10
0001 LET Q(25)=4*RD(111)
0002 IF Q(25)=50<25 THEN P=Q(25)+H*.5000000000
0003 P=Q(25)+P*Q(25)-2.5
0004 IF P=Q(25)+Q(25)*P*Q(25)-5
0005 GO SUB 9700
0006 H=Q(25)
0007 FOR I=1 TO 9999: NEXT I
0008 H=Q(25)
0009 DO WHILE *****
0010 REM NEW PRICES
0011 DO WHILE *****
0012 PRINT "JAN"
0013 PRINT "NEW VALUES AND CHANGES"
0014 PRINT "NEW VALUES AND CHANGES"
0015 PRINT "NEW VALUES AND CHANGES"
0016 FOR I=1 TO 10
0017 PRINT "P=Q(25)+Q(25)*P*Q(25)-5"
0018 PRINT "P=Q(25)+Q(25)*P*Q(25)-5"
0019 PRINT "P=Q(25)+Q(25)*P*Q(25)-5"
0020 NEXT I
0021 GO SUB 9700
0022 DO WHILE *****
0023 REM SLOWER STEPS
0024 DO WHILE *****
0025 PRINT "JAN"
0026 PRINT "SLOWER STEPS"
0027 PRINT "SLOWER STEPS"
0028 LET P=Q(25)
0029 FOR I=1 TO 10
0030 LET P=Q(25)+P*Q(25)-5
0031 LET P=Q(25)+P*Q(25)-5
0032 NEXT I
0033 LET P=Q(25)+P*Q(25)-5
0034 LET P=Q(25)+P*Q(25)-5
0035 PRINT "P=Q(25)+P*Q(25)-5"
0036 PRINT "P=Q(25)+P*Q(25)-5"
0037 NEXT I
0038 FOR I=1 TO 10
0039 GO SUB 10000
0040 NEXT I
0041 GO SUB 10000
0042 NEXT I
0043 PRINT "JAN"
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5705 PRINT "*****" (P#10)
5706 PRINT "*****" (P#17)
5707 PRINT "*****" (P#18)
5708 PRINT "*****" (P#19)
5709 PRINT "*****" (P#18)
5710 RETURN
5800 REM*****ENDING*****
5810 PRINT "P"
5815 LET P=P+10
5820 IF P<THEN10="LOSE" (P#4)
5824 IF P<THEN10="LOSE IT" (P#5)
5828 IF P<THEN10=" "
5830 PRINT "*****YOU HAVE MADE $1,250 OF $1P"
5835 GOTO5834
5840 PRINT "*****YOU HAVE ENDED WITH THE SAME AMOUNT"
5845 PRINT "***** YOU STARTED WITH."
5850 IF P<ANDOPT<ORANDOPT<THEN10="*****YOU NEED MORE PRACTICE" (P#10)
5855 IF P<THEN10="*****YOU'RE NOT TOO BAD AS A STOCKBROKER" (P#10)
5860 IF P<ANDOPT<ORANDOPT<THEN10="*****YOU HAVE THE NAME OF THE STOCKBROKER" (P#10)
5865 IF P<ANDOPT<ORANDOPT<THEN10=" "
5870 IF P<ANDOPT<ORANDOPT<THEN10="*****YOU ARE STOCKBROKER MATERIAL" (P#10)
5875 IF P<ANDOPT<ORANDOPT<THEN10="*****YOU COULD BE A GOOD BROKER" (P#10)
5880 IF P<ANDOPT<ORANDOPT<THEN10="*****YOU'RE A NATURAL" (P#10)
5885 IF P<ANDOPT<ORANDOPT<THEN10="*****YOU MUST BE THE WORLD'S BEST" (P#10)
5890 IF P<ANDOPT<ORANDOPT<THEN10="*****DON'T BUY THE REAL THING" (P#10)
5895 IF P<ANDOPT<ORANDOPT<THEN10="*****THERE'S NO HOPE FOR YOU" (P#10)
5900 REM*****NO RATING"
5910 GOTO5905
5920 PRINT "*****THAT'S THE END OF THE GAME *****" (P#10)
5925 PRINT "P"
5930 END
5940 PRINT "*****PRESS [SPACE] TO CONTINUE"
5945 GET P
5950 IF P<=" " THEN10=" "
5955 RETURN
5960 DATA3000,HELLYPER,PLASTIC,SALES,ALARM,TAPES,JOSS,WARREN
5965 DATA1000,GLASS,WATCH PARTS,ELECTRIC,FLUOR,FOR REFILLS,RECOATS
5970 DATA1000,AND,DAVE,WEATHER,FORECAST,SCHOOL,HOLIDAYS,BEGIN
5975 DATA1000,INCREASE,IN,RECORD,SALES,DECREASE,IN,RECORD,SALES
5980 DATA1000,COMPUTER,SALES,INCREASE,COMPUTER,SALES,SLUMP
5985 DATA1000,WEATHER,FORECAST,CITY,GRACE,SLEEPS,COUNTRY
5990 DATA1000,DIGITAL,WATCH,SHORTS
5995 DATA1000,CHAIN,SUPERMARKET,CLOSES
6000 DATA1000,LEATHER,ON,THE,WAY,SCHOOLS,RE-OPEN
6005 DATA1000,DIGITAL,WATCHES,UNPOPULAR,CITY,SALES,DECLINE
6010 DATA1000,1,10,15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50,55,60,65,70,75,80,85,90,95,100
6015 REM*****DAY DATA*****
6020 DATA1000,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20

```



PERIPHERAL



Jon Revis gets to grips with the Demon modem

Demon modem

Computer communications is one aspect of computing which is becoming increasingly popular. Personally I find it extremely exciting. No longer is your master bounded by its little black — or in my case cream — box. From the comfort of your living room you can connect up to *Prolog* and read the many thousands of pages of information, download free or commercial software, or leave messages for other subscribers. Across the country there are dozens of bulletin boards through which computer hobbyists can contact thousands of other users from all over the country. All of this can be done via that little black box, the modem.

There are numerous modems available in a price range from £50 to £200. One modem which has just surfaced at the lower priced end of the market is the Demon. With a price tag of £50 you could probably assume that the Demon modem is a rather basic device, one of those "Fropal only" jobs.

That assumption couldn't be further from the truth. The Demon modem possesses all the facilities imaginable. It works with a selection of baud rates as long as your unit, a data rate, auto answers and it's just popped out to put the kettle on!

As is often the case with these devices, it's only as good as the software that drives it. The Demon can be used in conjunction with *Term and Comm*, but to make full use of the features I recommend that you purchase the *Demon Joystick* for a further £24. This provides many "—" commands which can be used directly from the keyboard or incorporated into your own programs.

The Demon has just three connections: the first is from an

8-watt power supply, the second is the lead which plugs into the BBC's RS232C serials socket, and the third is the plug which is inserted into a standard British Telecom wall socket. While on the subject of BT, the modem isn't approved, probably because it can transmit using American frequencies to some American bulletin boards. The hell! American drive telephone exchanges away! Finally, you just insert the Demon Joystick into a free software ROM socket and you have your program in a microcassette phone job.

Using the Demon couldn't be easier. To log on to *Prolog* you type three commands, "BAUD 1", which sets up the modem to receive at 1200 baud and transmit at 30 baud, "DIAL", followed by the number of the *Prolog* computer, and finally "PRESTEL". You will then be prompted with the familiar *Prolog* logging on page. If you want to be a little more clever you can store your customer identity number and password into function key 31 using the second "KEY" command.

Once the modem has completed its handshake it will transmit the contents of the function key, thereby logging on automatically. For *Prolog* users in London jump in now, it's 1200 baud, "PRESTEL", will set up the baud rate, dial the computer, and configure the computer as a *Prolog* terminal. When used in *Prolog* mode the ROM sets up the function keys to carry out various useful tasks, e.g. to save a frame to disc, download *Microtext* software, and dump a frame to the printer, but ignoring any graphics prompts.

Bulletin boards can be accessed in a similar way to *Prolog*. "BAUD 4", "DIAL", number, "TERMINAL". When using a bulletin board directly

after a *Prolog* session remember to empty "KEY 31". The first time I used this the computer stored my customer identity and *Prolog* password in reply to the bulletin board's "Start Name" prompt.

User-to-user communications are also covered for. With the "UPLOAD" and "DOWNLOAD" commands one can transmit data or programs between two computers, the files, however, must be stored on disc and not memory.

The Auto Answer facility of the modem and software provides the capabilities for your *Modem* to be used as a bulletin board. To enable you to edit your own bulletin board software many useful commands are present in the ROM. "TIMEOUT" allows you to set a time when users are accessing your bulletin board it automatically displays a warning message and releases lockers if someone calls by also providing a compensation list of error codes your software can be written to catch a way that it can cope with any occurrence.

Two more general commands are "STATUS", which displays the current baud rate, whether the modem is on line, etc and "HOPBIT" which is the software equivalent of resending the ROM from the machine.

For a total of £24 inclusive you could, for the price of the purchase of one of the most comprehensive communications packages around. Anyone want to buy a also secondhand acoustic coupler? Our careful owner.

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Brian Jones discusses the FOR NEXT loop this week, and sets you some more problems to puzzle out on your own

WELCOME TO BASIC



Here's the answer to the problems in last issue. The first was to find if a 70-inch page (plus exactly one second) is broken long.

```
10 INPUT LENGTH OF SECTION%:L
20 LET N=VAL L
30 IF N<1 THEN GOTO PRINT%NO GET EXACTLY 70 INCHES SECTION%: GOTO 10
40 PRINT%PART DIVES%1 INT N/70% THEN SECTION%
50 PRINT%NO%170-INT N/70%1% INCHES OVER%
```

The second was to find the largest of a series of positive values, terminated by a negative number.

```
10 LET MAX=0
20 INPUT%VALUE%:V
30 IF V=0 THEN GOTO 50
40 IF V>MAX THEN MAX=V
50 GOTO 20
60 PRINT%THE LARGEST WAS%:MAX%
```

If you input 10,5,34,83,15,40,4,25, if you should get the answer 40.

Right, on to new ground. Probably the most common loop in BASIC is not the jump loop, but a loop known as the FOR NEXT loop. This is the code favoured by those who like to fiddle with microcomputers, as Mr H Smith and I do. They like a program something like this:

```
20 FOR I=1 TO 10000
30 PRINT%HOW ARE YOU%
40 NEXT I
```

They then walk away knowing their chosen message is about half out 10,000 times. Here's another example:

```
10 PRINT%HEIGHT OF AN OBJECT THROU%:UPWARD%
20 INPUT%INITIAL SPEED IN CM/SEC%:V
30 PRINT%TIME%:TIME%
40 FOR T=0 TO 20 STEP 0.2
50 LET%S=V*T+0.5*T^2
60 IF S=0 THEN PRINT%LAND%:STOP
70 PRINT,INT(S/1000%):S/1000
80 NEXT T
```

So in general, a FOR NEXT loop is used the form: FOR variable = start value TO end value STEP length



length can be numeric or a variable, or even a formula. STEP length is optional, a line default value 1, that is, if you don't specify, it uses length = 1.

You can have loops with loops. Try the program

program, notice how the , on line 10 keeps the characters printed together to the next line. This means that when the right number of characters has been printed, it needs the PRINT on line 90 to move it on to the next line.

```
10 PRINT "CHARACTER BLOCK PROGRAM"
20 INPUT LENGTH OF BLOCK N
30 INPUT WIDTH OF BLOCK M
40 INPUT LINE CHARACTER FILL THE BLOCK WITH
50 FOR I=1 TO N
60 FOR J=1 TO M
70 PRINT "X"
80 NEXT J
90 PRINT
100 NEXT I
```

Now, assuming you choose a length of between 1 and 20 and a width between 1 and 20, the program will display a solid block of characters as equal. Although letters or numbers could be used, I think the effect is much more with one of the graphic characters. In the

You may see programs where the NEXT is not followed by a variable name. Commodore BASIC permits this, but it's a bit from a programmer's point of view to put them in until you are really sure of yourself.

Here's another program

```
10 PRINT "RANDOM NUMBER GENERATION"
20 INPUT FROM WHAT TOSSE? N
30 FOR I=1 TO N
40 R=RND(1)
50 IF R<.5 THEN PRINT "H"
60 ELSE PRINT "T"
70 PRINT "HERE WE GO!"
80 NEXT I
```

Look at line 40. First, it could be LET R=RND(1), but a more verbose version of BASIC the LET is optional. It was originally included to mean that it is an assignment of a value, not an equation. Since I expect you've got that point by now, I'll be dropping the LET from now on.

But what about the RND? That's BASIC for 'produce a random number'. Unlike the LET, the 1 in brackets is not optional, nevertheless the value 1 serves as useful purpose. In Commodore BASIC you just put any positive value in the brackets and the result is a random number between 0 and 1.

In other BASICs such as BBC BASIC, RND(0) gives a

random whole number between 1 and N, although RND(1) behaves the same as in Commodore BASIC.

Right, time to leave you with a couple more problems to work on.

- 1 Write a program to set an addition exercise by generating five random whole numbers between 0 and 9. When the answer is input, get the program to either congratulate or correct the user as appropriate.
- 2 Get the computer to set an exercise of 10 calculations of two random whole numbers. Let the user choose the largest number the computer can do. For each sum, report right or wrong and at the end give the score out of 10.

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TOP 20

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SOFTWARE

Fortnight Ending April 16, 1988

Up and Coming

Spring games feature heavily in this week's Gallup chart. There's World Series Baseball, riding high as the number two slot, in its third week in the chart.

Then there's Bruce Jack's Superstar Challenge, which figures in all three over-machine top 10s, and Football Manager still hanging on in third at the number six position. The game has been in the Gallup chart for 29 weeks, and recently Kevin Toomey of Addictive Games registered a circulation of 100,000 sales. Leaving McManus, Southampton manager, congratulated Mr Toomey on the game's run-away success. Football Manager has sold well over a three-year period, and continues to look healthy.

Ball is the opening vein, Super Thompson's Decision is also doing well, and has featured in the Gallup chart for 29 weeks. US Gold's Bruce Lee continues to stand as a high profile at number 12.

Rank	Game	Developer	Rank	Game	Developer	Rank	Game	Developer	Rank	Game	Developer	Rank	Game	Developer	Rank	Game	Developer																																																														
1	1	World Series Baseball	Various	2	2	World Series Baseball	Imagines	3	3	Ghostbusters	Activision	4	4	Bruce Jack's Superstar Challenge	Meridian	5	5	Spy Hunter	US Gold	6	6	Greenline	Adventure Line	7	7	Impossible Mission	DEB	8	8	Football Manager	Addictive Games	9	9	Delay Thompson's Decision	Ocean	10	10	Brave Sea	US Gold	11	11	Air Wolf	Blue	12	12	Combust Engine	Dynal	13	13	More Omega	Innovative	14	14	Shockwaves	Moscom	15	15	Rockin' Ball	Lib	16	16	Pole Position	Real	17	17	Proton Rampage	Mastertronic	18	18	Barbaric	Viggo	19	19	Hardbark	Ocean	20	20	Bald over Moscow	US Gold

SPECTRUM

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Top Ten

Top Ten

Top Ten

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2	2	World Series Baseball
3	3	World Series Baseball
4	4	World Series Baseball
5	5	World Series Baseball
6	6	World Series Baseball
7	7	World Series Baseball
8	8	World Series Baseball
9	9	World Series Baseball
10	10	World Series Baseball

1	1	World Series Baseball
2	2	World Series Baseball
3	3	World Series Baseball
4	4	World Series Baseball
5	5	World Series Baseball
6	6	World Series Baseball
7	7	World Series Baseball
8	8	World Series Baseball
9	9	World Series Baseball
10	10	World Series Baseball

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2	2	World Series Baseball
3	3	World Series Baseball
4	4	World Series Baseball
5	5	World Series Baseball
6	6	World Series Baseball
7	7	World Series Baseball
8	8	World Series Baseball
9	9	World Series Baseball
10	10	World Series Baseball



Goal!

In R. Whitbury's plan for July with *Wanted of the Day* in *HOW* 187, I have observed a score of 14.9 in the quarter finale and 4.1 in the final.

While playing I found out the following tips don't use a joystick because it is much easier with the keyboard. When you are attacking go down the way as the bottom of the screen, and as soon as the on-yard box comes on in the screen, shoot diagonally to the left towards the goal.

When you have a corner, make the ball go along the floor and next to the goal line and run in towards the net and put the ball in the net.

You can also use throw-ins near the opposition's net and just direct it towards their net. The goalkeeper will dive and you will score a goal.

Chris Worthington, Belper

Stop meaning!

As a regular buyer of your magazine I have been disappointed by the number of TI owners writing us to say how bad their machines at completing the software in response and that their machines has both support from magazines and the like.

To me, this whole experience seems pointless, as completing about the price of software is hardly going to bring it down, and I am sure the readers concerned would read that TI software is expensive for us.

As for support, as TI supporting clubs and magazines take away, a lot to the individual owners and contributors to continue users in the computer through clubs such as TI Workshops, or through magazines. Personally I am writing how bad TI life is as compared to quite enough has been published sure to go through to the rest of the computer world.

Daphne Meadows, Essex

Video printing

Here's a tip for all computer with no "video print" facility. If you have an printer and monitor, find time and debugging your programs instead. Local plug the computer into your video so you have good and record the thing.

Then you can fast-forward, back and reverse the thing quickly and easily.

Red Long, Middlesbrough

White Lightning group

Members of Gagar's White Lightning for the C&A have to succeed in some of the members of the C&A White Lightning. Then there's Gagar. And Gagar will bring further details.

David Russell, 441 Ash Road, Bournemouth, Dorset BH1 1JF

Dave's awards

I think that the computer industry ought to be presented with some very special awards which the most computer will never give out. But if I could present awards, I would give them to the following people/ companies etc.

First is the Mega Answering Prize award. This goes to Whistlers for my copy of Jager (which I got free in a computer mag last Christmas). It was sent the very end of the program before coming out with a landing error, which probably happened at the beginning of the program.

Second is the Wish I Wanted award, which goes to Amstrad. I purchased a copy of an M-Pack and a couple of weeks later, to celebrate Dave's Maths being used program of the year, I could have bought that and got a M-Pack free — for the same price.

The third award is the Long Wait Perpetual and Higher prize than should have been award, which goes to AGF for my order on a Perpetual 4 graphics interface. First I paid a higher price than it should have been, because I was off an old order form if not the new one afterwards, which was not afterwards, which was the "10 days for delivery" in a card on the order form, and it was not even longer, but still no sign of the interface, but there was every sign of the cheque being cashed early though.

Anyway, after waiting over a month, my dad phoned AGF to find out what had happened to my interface. He

got the old cover of "Teleps" a gas, but in the post, — but my dad didn't tell for it, being a postman.

A few days later, it arrived — a second delivery, without even anything to make up the extra money paid on the interface, so AGF, this must be the only award you get!

Next is the Perpetual which has everything but every computer but Yours award, which goes to GCL for its Waco three-way joystick which can connect to computer to start games, thanks to its two independent firing buttons I was going to get this joystick, and it found out it was impossible.

And finally, my last award goes to Home Computers Weekly for the Largest Weekly Prize award. I have been waiting since issue 42 for a prize for winning the Unpac worksheet competition. I have played up about and won a couple of times, but still no sign of my prize. Also I don't receive anything from the Unpac Fax Club anymore. Personally, I think Unpac has gone bust. After all, I did read that the proprietor was formerly with the Radio club years ago.

Steve's answers make me they have learnt to give away before they give compensation! This reminds me what was the results of the latest magazine competition!

As you can see from my experience, there are winners and losers in the computer industry — and I'm the loser. Don't you think I should get an award for that?

Dave Brown, Westchester

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